VALERO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Bunker #5, #5 Fuel oil, Bunker fuel, residual fuel oil #5

Other means of identification

SDS number 9618

Recommended useResidual fuel oil for burner installations equipped with limited preheating facilities that require a

fuel oil of lower viscosity than Type 6.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Énergie Valero Inc.

1801 McGill College, 13e étage Montreal, Quebec H3A 2N4

24-Hour Emergency Canutec (613) 996-6666

General Information

New Brunswick Poison
Information Center

(888) 871-4404 (506) 857-5555

Newfoundland Poison

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Control Center

(709) 722-1110

Nova Scotia / PEI Poison

Control Center

1-800-565-8161

Ontario Regional Poison

Information Center

1-800-267-1373 (Ottawa)

1-800-268-9017 (Toronto)

Quebec Poison Control

Center

1-800-463-5060

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3

Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity following single

exposure

Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity following

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Blood, Liver, Thymus)

Aspiration hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard

Category 1
Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 1

long-term hazard

Label elements

Environmental hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.

May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Presents a physical hazard which is not otherwise classified.

Bunker #5, #5 Fuel oil, Bunker fuel, residual fuel oil #5
935939 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 27-February-2017

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON Response

> SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

grounded equipment.

Supplemental information Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| nemical name | CAS number | % | |
|---|------------|---------|--|
| Fuel Oil No. 6 | 68553-00-4 | 70 - 85 | |
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked | 64741-62-4 | 0 - 55 | |
| Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked | 64741-60-2 | 0 - 55 | |
| Distillates (petroleum), petroleum residues vacuum | 68955-27-1 | 0 - 55 | |
| Residues (petroleum), topping plant, low-sulphur | 68607-30-7 | 0 - 55 | |
| Residues (petroleum), vacuum | 64741-56-6 | 0 - 55 | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 | 68476-30-2 | 15 - 30 | |
| Nonane | 111-84-2 | 0 - 0.7 | |
| Octane | 111-65-9 | 0 - 0.5 | |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0 - 0.3 | |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 0 - 0.3 | |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0 - 0.3 | |

Composition comments

Small amount of hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic gas, may be present, especially in the headspace of containers. All concentrations are in percent by volume unless otherwise indicated.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eves with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Dizziness. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Jaundice. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. This product may be a static accumulator which can form an ignitable vapour-air mixture in a storage tank.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulfide (H2S) and flammability. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Hydrogen sulfide, a very toxic gas, may be present with this material. Keep face clear of tank and/or tank car openings. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS). Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulfide (H2S) and flammability.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100- 41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------|-------|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| • | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-60-2) | TWA | 1590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 400 ppm | |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | STEL | 543 mg/m3 | |
| • | | 125 ppm | |
| | TWA | 434 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | |
| Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| • | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 1050 mg/m3 | |
| · | | 200 ppm | |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | TWA | 1400 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 300 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 188 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 50 ppm | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 651 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 434 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| | | | |

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|--------------------|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-60-2) | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | Vapor and aerosol. |
| Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 200 ppm | • |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100- 41-4) | STEL | 125 ppm | |
| · | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| • | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Canada. Quebec OELs (Ministry of Labour, Employment and Social Solidarity - Occupational Health and Safety Regulation)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form | |
|--|------|------------|-------|--|
| Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4) | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. | |
| | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Mist. | |
| Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-60-2) | TWA | 1590 mg/m3 | | |

| Components | Туре | Value Form |
|--------------------------------|------|------------|
| | | 400 ppm |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | STEL | 543 mg/m3 |
| | | 125 ppm |
| | TWA | 434 mg/m3 |
| | | 100 ppm |
| Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) | TWA | 1050 mg/m3 |
| | | 200 ppm |
| Octane (CAS 111-65-9) | STEL | 1750 mg/m3 |
| | | 375 ppm |
| | TWA | 1400 mg/m3 |
| | | 300 ppm |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | TWA | 188 mg/m3 |
| | | 50 ppm |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 651 mg/m3 |
| , | | 150 ppm |
| | TWA | 434 mg/m3 |
| | | 100 ppm |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling time |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---|------------------------|---------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | 0.15 g/g | Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid | Creatinine in urine | * |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | 0.3 mg/g | o-Cresol, with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |
| | 0.03 mg/l | Toluene | Urine | * |
| | 0.02 mg/l | Toluene | Blood | * |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | 1.5 g/g | Methylhippuric acids | Creatinine in urine | * |

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Form Liquid.

Colour Oily, viscous liquid.
Odour Black or dark brown.

Characteristic hydrocarbon.

Odour threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

145 - 600 °C (293 - 1112 °F)

range

Flash point > 54.0 °C (> 129.2 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable liquid and vapour.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Vapour pressureNot available.Vapour densityNot available.

Relative density 0.915 - 0.995 [H2O = 1]

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 15 - 100 cSt at 122°F (50°C)

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidising properties** Not oxidising.

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardousNo dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Skin contact

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Eye contact

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Dizziness. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Jaundice. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Acute toxicity**

Components **Species** Test results

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Acute

Inhalation

Aerosol

LC50 Rat > 320 mg/m3, 4 Hours

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-60-2)

Acute

Inhalation

Aerosol

LC50 Rat > 3.19 mg/l, 4 Hours

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 17.4 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 - 4700 mg/kg

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 4.6 - 7.64 mg/l, 4 hours

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12200 mg/kg

Inhalation

Vapour

LC50 Rat 28.1 mg/l, 4 Hours

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Bunker #5, #5 Fuel oil, Bunker fuel, residual fuel oil #5 935939 Version #: 01 Revision date: -Issue date: 27-February-2017 Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Octane (CAS 111-65-9) Irritant

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin sensitisation Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

May cause cancer. Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

64741-62-4)

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked

(CAS 64741-60-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Suspected human carcinogen.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Xvlene (CAS 1330-20-7) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

64741-62-4)

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked

(CAS 64741-60-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS

64741-62-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Fuel Oil No. 2 (CAS 68476-30-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Fuel Oil No. 6 (CAS 68553-00-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Residues (petroleum), vacuum (CAS 64741-56-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

(CAS 64741-60-2)

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (blood, liver, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may Chronic effects

be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Contains hydrogen sulfide. May rapidly cause irritation, breathing failure, coma, and death without necessarily any warning odor

being sensed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test results**

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-62-4)

Aquatic Chronic

Fish **NOAEL** Oncorhynchus mykiss 0.1 mg/l, 28 days

Bunker #5, #5 Fuel oil, Bunker fuel, residual fuel oil #5 SDS Canada 9/12 935939 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 27-February-2017

Test results Components Species Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked (CAS 64741-60-2) Aquatic Chronic Fish NOAEL Oncorhynchus mykiss 0.029 mg/l, 14 days Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Aquatic Acute Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 4.2 mg/l, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss) Chronic Crustacea EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia 3.6 mg/l, 7 days Octane (CAS 111-65-9) Aquatic Crustacea LC50 Daphnia magna 0.38 mg/l, 48 hours Residues (petroleum), topping plant, low-sulphur (CAS 68607-30-7) Aquatic LC50 Fish 48 mg/l, 48 Hours Fish Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Aquatic Acute Crustacea EC50 Daphnia magna 11.5 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus kisutch 5.5 mg/l, 96 hours Chronic Crustacea NOEC Ceriodaphnia dubia 0.74 mg/l, 7 days Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus kisutch 1.4 mg/l, 40 days Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Aquatic Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.6 mg/l, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 3.15

 Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)
 5.46

 Octane (CAS 111-65-9)
 5.18

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 2.73

 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Fuel Oil No. 6)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk -

Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name Pe

Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Fuel Oil No. 6)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk
Label(s) 3

Packing group III

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1268

UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Fuel Oil No. 6)

Not established.

Yes

Transport hazard class(es)

Environmental hazards

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group || Environmental hazards |
Marine pollutant

EmS Yes F-E. S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Precursor Control Regulations

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Class B

International regulations Stockholm Convention: Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention: Not applicable.

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Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable. **Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical | Yes |

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Japan No Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No New Zealand New Zealand Inventory No **Philippines** Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 27-February-2017

Revision date Version No. 01

Disclaimer Énergie Valero Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or

the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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Yes